

ALEXANDRIA.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 6.

The "Glycerine" sensation, paraded by Speaker Colfax before the House of Representatives, is made a subject of laughter all over the country; and some of the newspapers are so wanting in "reverence" as to actually call the Speaker, "Glycerine Colfax." The loudest laugher is Mack, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, a Radical paper. He proposes that when Guy Fawkes places his keg in the basement of the Capitol, he should give due notice, that all the members of Congress may be present—and he particularly requests that the chaplains should attend on the occasion, that they may "go up," with their flocks!

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that "those who have carefully examined the impeachment case, the law, rules and facts, do not expect the trial to commence regularly much, if at all, before the first of June. How long the matter will remain before the Senate when the testimony is commenced, must depend, of course, upon the character of the evidence, the line of prosecution and defense." We think it is probable the trial will commence long before the first of

The death of Dr. William Gibson, of Philadelphia, at Savannah, Ga:, on the 2d inst., is announced. He was born in Baltimore. He studied medicine in Edinburgh, and succeeded Dr. Physick in the chair of surgery, at the University of Pennsylvania, and was with that institution for more than fifty years. For three years past he has resided at Newport, Rhode Island, and only lately went South for the benefit of his health.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune says that the Senate Committee to referred, have come to the opinion that the Senate has the right to frame its own rules and regulations, and that only authority vested in the Chief Justice is that of presiding officer, and that he has not the legal right to decide any of the questions involved.

The New Hampshire election, the first of the State elections of 1868, will be held on Tuesday next, March 10th. The campaign is being carried on with great activity by both parties, each of which claims to be able to carry the State, and large numbers of the most popular political orators of the country are engaged in making speeches there.

The Thames tunnel, at London, which has proved an indifferent speculation since its opening in 1843, has now promise of a new life. -Two railroads on opposite sides of the Thames are forming a junction by means of the tunnel, and will make gradual entrances a mile distant from either bank. Preparations for this change are now in progress.

The Albany Argus says: "It looks as if the Congressional Radicals were trying to establish an oligarchy." The National Intelligencer says: "The Congressmen are not 'trying' to establish an oligarchy, but they have done it substantially, through the powerful prerogatives conceded to the Senate."

The McCardle case was further argued in the Supreme Court yesterday. Mr. David Dudley Field spoke on behalf of the appellant but, without his finishing, the court adjourned in order that the Chief Justice might go to the Senate to organize the court of impeach-

The London Times in an article discussing the question of citizenship, and the necessity and basis of its settlement, contends that "any treaty on the subject, would be incomplete, unless it included that of extradition, and mischievous unless it included that of expatriation."

Whilst many of the newspapers hold out the "idea" that the President will not be deposed, it is very certain that the idea is not entertained by the mass of the people, who look upon the matter as settled, and only delayed until the forms shall have been gone through with.

If the colored woman who was "ejected" from the railroad car, in this place, a short time ago, obtains the damages she desires, it is thought that such ejectment cases will be sought after with avidity, and that many will find an occasion for "ejectment," at all hazards.

The Richmond Whig says that the South is now much more orderly, and tranquil, and peaceable than the North. All the "rackett" the South has, at this time, is raised by the Radicals themselves.

It is said that several of the Radical Sena tors express great indignation at the recent opinion of Judge Underwood, in the Mandamus case, and think he had better "come down."

Holden, the Radical candidate for Governor of North Carolina, before, and after the late war commenced, was a pro-slavery man -a secessionist, and a bitter reviler of the North.

Detective Clarvoe, of Washington, has succecded in recovering \$5,000 in U. S. bonds stolen from Mr. Amos Pratt, of Boston, in

We have received in a handsomely printed pamphlet, a memoir of the late John M. Daniel, editor of the Richmond Examiner, by Dr. Geo. W. Bagby-an interesting, well written

The African Repository for March contains much interesting matter for the triends of the American Colonization Society.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

The Maryland Legislature, in joint convention yesterday, ballotted four times without result for U. S. Senator. On the first ballot the vote stood for P. F. Thomas 26, J. T. Earle 31, H. McCullough 18, S. Hambleton 8, Geo. Vickers 14, and three votes scattering. The second ballot showed but few changes. The name of Mr. Earle, was then withdrawn, and most of his votes were cast on the succeeding ballot for Mr. Swann. On this ballot the vote was: Thomas 28, Swann 24, Vickers 18, Mc-Cullough 19, Hambleton 9, Franklin 1. fourth ballot showed but few changes, Mr. Thomas' vote falling to 23, whilst that of Mr. Swann increased to 29.

The train which left Elmira, N.Y., on Wednesday morning and due at Canandaigua at eleven o'clock a. m., when near Gorham station, disabled one of her locomotives. The passengers, thirty in number, were all transferred to the baggage car, and with one locomotive proceeded on their way. When near Hopewell station the baggage car jumped from the track, and overturned all the passengers into one end of the car, inflicting serious inuries on twelve of them. The car stove was broken, and, with its mass of living coals of fire, was thrown with great force upon the al ready suffering passengers, burning several in a most shocking manner.

Gov. Haight, of California, in a message to the Legislature of that State, declines to forward the resolutions endorsing the action of Congress on the impeachment of President Johnson, on the ground that they would improperly influence the judgment of the Senate in sitting as a court; but that the Assembly resolutions expressing sympathy for the Presdent are not liable to the same objections, or he would not have transmitted them. The message is sustained by the casting vote of the Lieutenant Governor.

It is "reported" that Mr. Seward has made a conditional purchase or lease of the Island of Samana, or, in other words, has got the refusal of it at a certain figure. He has laid the matter before the Senate Foreign Committee for their consideration, and will not proceed any further unless his course meets the appro- of the President of the United States. The val of thet committee. The sentiment of the committee is decidedly averse to the proposi-

Gen. Hancock has written a letter in reply the removal of certain members of the City Supreme Court, on his right. Messrs. Bucka-Council of New Orleans, in which he repeats the reasons heretofore given for his action, but says he will promptly obey Gen. Grant's order reinstating the Councilmen, though he thinks the public good will not thereby be advanced.

Full returns from the Alabama election have not yet been received at army headquarters. It appears from the records that Gen. Pope origi- the United States, and I am now ready to take nally ordered the election to be for but two days, and that the change to four days was made by Gen. Meade, in accordance with the direct suggestion of Gen. Grant.

A resolution was adopted in the South Carolina Convention, yesterday, petitioning Congress to turn over the lands sold for non payment of taxes to the State for distribution among the negroes. It is stated that everybody is electioncering, and that three-fifths of the offices in the State will be filled by negroes.

Yesterday afternoon, while five men were engaged in tampering with an unexploded blast on the Morton canal, near Chicago, the blast exploded, killing three of them instantly, injuring one of the others so badly that he subsequently died, and the fifth was seriously in-

jured, but will recover. In the Mississippi Convention, yesterday, a Committee of Investigation reported in layor of expelling one Merriman, a member of the Convention, for drunkeness and disorderly conduct, and for impugning the motives of mem-

bers of the Convention. Welker, the murderer of John Becknel, was the second time taken from the Columbia, Tenn. jail, on Tuesday night, by a mob, who gave him a few minutes for a confession, and then hanged him. He admitted that he committed the murder.

A Baltimore merchant, whose son lost \$1,370 at a faro bank in Cincinnati, recovered a verdiet in the Common Pleas Court, in that city, on Saturday, for the full amount, with interest, against the proprietors of the gambling house.

The Maryland Court of Appeals has reversed the decision of Judge Alexander, removing the trustees of the National Express Company. -The assignment is decided to be good, and the trustees are reinstated.

A report prevailed at the police headquarters, in New York, yesterday, that a riot was in progress among the inmates of the public institutions on Ward's Island. A strong force of police has been sent to the Island.

Daniel Lord, an eminent lawyer of New York, died yesterday. All the courts adjourned as a tribute of respect.

Mr. Stanton still remains at the War Department during the night, and is constantly receiving his "friends."

Destructive fires, yesterday, at Cleveland, Ohio, Fond du Lac, Illinois, and Willamantic,

Congress.

In the Senate yesterday, during the morning hour several bills and resolutions were submitted, and some discussion took place without any action being reached, in relation to admission to the galleries during the impeachment trial. At 1 o'clock Chief Justice Chase appeared, and the Senate proceeded to the organization of the High Court of Impeachment.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Eliot, of Massachusetts, introduced a bill relating to the Supreme Court, which provides that in case of the removal of the Chief Justice of the United States from office, or his death, resignation or inability to discharge the duties of his office, such duties shall devolve upon the Associate Justice oidest as to date of commission, and who shall exercise such duties until Menelek was said to have invested the royal such disabilities of the Chief Justice shall be stronghold of Magdala with 40,000 men. removed, or until another Chief Justice shall be duly appointed and qualified. At one mail steamer has arrived. The details man more than I regretted his decision; but o'clock it was moved that the House go into from the scene of war on the Parana river are that this was unnecessary, and the resolution Lopez through the forests of Grau Chance, was withdrawn, but nevertheless, a large portion of the members of the House followed the | which took place, Lopez gained fresh advanta-Managers to the Senate. The case of Mr. Butler, who claims a seat as a member from Tennessee, but is unable to take the test oath, was discussed, but no vote reached.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCES.-In the Conference of the M. E. Church, South, yesterday, the examination into the official life and conduct of the preachers was continued. Committees were appointed, and reports from the publishing house, and from the Board of Domestic Missions, received, and other business matters

attended to. In the Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church, VIRGINIA NEWS.

At Greensville Courthouse, on Monday, a disturbance occurred, which, but for the temperate action of the whiter, and the prompt and determined influence of the military officer stationed at the post, might have resulted in a riot. As it was, however, we are glad to learn no injury was sustained. A black man who was upon the ground was in arrears for taxes. He had in his possession a gun, upon which the sheriff levied. The negro resisted, and many of his companions came to his rescue, brandishing their sticks and canes, sustaining by their conduct a forcible resistance to the law.-They acted upon the offensive, and a collision might have occurred but for the restraining influence mentioned above.

Yesterday morning a boiler used at the steam saw mill of Mr. Beardsley, in Chesterfield county, suddenly exploded, with disastrous result. Mr. Daniel Bailey was instantly killed, and his body thrown nearly two hundred yards, The engineer and his assistant (both colored men) were injured, but it is hoped not mortally.

The Clarke Journal says, "we have been informed that a shaft has been sunk upon the land of Dr. J. W. Stephenson, of this county, five miles from Beryville, opening a lead mine. The Oxide has been found in large quantities. This is the second in our county, showing that Clarke is rich in valuable minerals."

Gen. Mahone proposes to build a hotel on Second street, near the ticket office, Petersburg, for the accommodation of through pas-

On Monday four negroes became involved in a quarrel near Deep creek, Norfolk county, which resulted in the death of one of the parties and the wounding of two others.

hibited at Richmond. Maj. John W. Galt, an esteemed citizen of

The sale of obscene publications has been pro-

Lynchburg, died in that city on Wednesday.

The Impeachment.

Yesterday, in the Senate, the President pr tem., at the expiration of the morning hour, said: "The morning hour having expired, all legislative and executive business of the Senate is ordered to cease, for the purpose of proceeding to business conneted with the impeachment chair is vacated for that purpose."

The Chief Justice then advanced up the aisle, clad in his official robe, escorted by Mr. Pomeroy, chairman of the committee appoint to that of Gen. Grant revoking his order for ed for that purpose, with Judge Nelson, of the lew and Wilson, the other members of the committee, bringing up the rear.

The Chief Justice having ascended to the President's dais, said, in a measured and impressive voice :

Senators: In obedience to a notice, I have appeared to join with you in forming a court of impeachment for the trial of the President of The following oath was then administered t

the Chief Justice by Judge Nelson: "I do solemnly swear, that in all things pertaining to the trial of the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, I will do impartial justice, according to the Constitution and laws, so help me God.

The Chief Justice then said: Senators: The oath will now be administered to the Senators, as they will be called by the

Secretary in succession. The Secretary called the roll, each Senator advancing in turn and taking the oath prescribed in the rules, as given above.

The only Senators absent were Messrs. Doolittle, of Wisconsin; Edmunds, of Vermont Patterson, of New Hampshire, and Saulsbury, of Delaware.

Mr. Wade's name having been called, h was advancing to take the oath, when Mr. Hendricks objected to Mr. Wade being sworn or taking part in the trial, on the ground that, as in event of conviction he would become President of the U.S. The objection led to a prolonged debate that was not concluded when the Senate adjourned. Mr. Sherman thought the objection not a proper one to have been made, and that the question as to what part Mr. Wade would take in the trial was a matter for his own decision. He intimtead that the objection would apply to Senator Patterson, of Tennessee, the son-in-law of President Johnson. Mr. Howard took the same ground .-Mr. Johnson had no doubt Mr. Wade would do his duty as well, and conscientiously as oth er Senators, but he should not be exposed to temptation. A proposition was made to pass over the name of Mr. Wade, and proceed with the organization of the Court, leaving the question to be decided after the Court had fully organized. The debate was prolonged up to a late hour, when the Senate adjourned leaving the matter still undecided.

Foreign News.

GREAT BRITAIN .- In the British House o Lords last night, Earl Malmesbury said the subject of Irish grievances would come up on Tuesday next. After announcing a change in the Government, he added that its policy would remain unaltered. Earl Russell declared that no confidence could be placed in a policy which was always saying one thing and meaning another. He said that the Liberal members had given support to Lord Derby on his pledge to bring about a reduction of franchise.

A large meeting of the friends of Disraeli was held at his official residence last night.— Nearly all the leading Tory members were present. The proceedings were not public, but the meeting is regarded as a favorable indication of the strength of the new Premier.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland hs released from confinement Johnson, Grand Secretary of years' imprisonment in the county of Down for example, reads that "it is at once the duty eading an illegal procession.

ABYSSINIA. - Special dispatches relating to Abyssinia state that the advance of the British army was within fifteen days' march of Magdala. General Napier met Kassai, the Tigre chief, on the 20th of February, and he made an offer of peace, which was accepted. The enemy shot some stragglers from the Queen's force, and their bodies were mutilated. Three British officers are missing. King Theodorus was advancing from his camp with 30,000 men.

ges over the allied forces. Gen. Alexander Buenos Ayres, died after a protracted illness.

great violence. Several combats had taken place between the partisans of the Shagoon and the Daimos, which were attended with heavy losses of life, and great excesses were committed on both sides. In consequence of the insecure condition of the country, the ministers of foreign powers had all left Osaca.

Mr. Jefferson Davis is in New Orleans. All the fire companies, as they passed the St. Charles Hotel, gave him repeated cheers. As committees on different subjects were appoint-ed, and the applicants for Deacon's orders ad-mitted.

they passed Gen. Hancock's headquarters they took off their hats, and their bands played "The Bonnie Blue Flag."

cast and absolutely disinherited; that she is still a part of the country, and has interests in common with us all.—N. Y. Herald. common with us all. -N. Y. Herald.

[COMMUNICATED.

The Ghost Story of Albemarle Reminds me of a similar occurrence of which I was a witness some years since-and perhaps when the Albemarle mystery is cleared up, it will be found to have been produced by a similar agency to that of the one I shall narrate. My brother occupied a house situated on the

skirt of a wood, some few miles from Baltimore -and somewhat isolated from other dwellings -which caused the female portion of the family to be uneasy when left alone at night. One evening as he was about starting to the neighboring village, his wife, as usual, expressed fear at being left with no one but females in the house, and hoped he would soon return. He had not been long absent before a rap was heard at the door, when the servant girl (about 15 years of age) went into the sitting room and expressed her fear at having to open the doorwhen one of ladies accompanied her-but no one was found at the door or in sight. This created some alarm, and after a short time the window of the dining room was broken, and the girl ran out expressing great fear-saying she had been struck by the stone thrown through the window. All became very much alarmed, and awaited anxiously my brother's return, which soon occurred, and there was no further molestation that night; -but the next evening, just after dark, a stone was thrown against the front door, and found on the porch; not long after another came through the dining room window, striking the girl, with some plates in her hands, which she let fall to the floor, and ran into the next room, where the family were. My brother became very much exasperated, and determined to place a guard near the house the next night, which was done, but no repetition of the offence until the guard were invited into the house to partake of some refreshments, when immediately a stone was thrown through the dining room window, which struck the girl, causing her to run into the other room screaming with pain from the wound inflicted on her side. The stone was found on the floor with the fragments of glass from the window. All rushed out and scoured the adjacent wood, but no one was found.

It was then determined that part of the guard should approach the next night from different directions, and form an outside picket, so as to be on the lookout when the inner guard were invited into the house This was done several nights, but no repetition of the outrage was made while any of the guard were out; but as soon as the last one entered the house, stones were thrown at the doors and through the dining room windows-knocks at the doors were distinctly heard; but no one found outside when

opened. Thus matters went on for some two weeks or more-the family much alarmed and the guard greatly excited-they sometimes seeing something creeping through the bushes-which, when fired at, proved to be a hog or a dogand in one instance the cow received a load of shot, having been taken for the ghost by one

My brother became very nervous, and was very near shooting a German who he em- son suddenly recollected that he was summoned the guard had left, and rapped at the front door, which not being promptly opened, he went round toward the back door-when my brother having gone to the front door, and finding no one, snatched up his gun, ran out the back door, and discovering (as he supposed) a man sneaking round the house, leveled and cocked his gun, and called out: "Speak or you are a dead man." The poor German was so much frightened as to prevent him from speak ing but a word, which, fortunately, was in German, and the voice recognized by my brother, who fell back speechless himself from the reaction produced by the discovery of how near he was to killing the German.

It was at last decided upon to remove from the house, as the family were in constant excitement and dread; but just before this was done, one of the guard suspected the perpetrator, and determined to keep watch independent of the others. When they had gone into the house, he quietly remained, and soon heard the dining room window raised, and a stone thrown against the door-he reached up and caught the stretched out arm of the Ghost, which proved to be the girl who had been hit so often, and seared so badly by the stones thrown through the dining room window!

The girl acknowledged that the fears express ed by the ladies about being alone the night my brother was about going to the village, caused her to try and alarm them by throwing stones, and to knock on the doors, which succeeded so well as to induce her to try some through the windows-she throwing one out and dropping another on the floor-sometimes with dishes in her hand, which were dropped as if she was struck.

Expressing great alarm at being left alone, he girl was permitted to be in the room with the family, when not occupied with her duties; thus she had an opportunity of knowing who were on guard, and when all were called in or be to redress his sister. Sensible Yank! had left the premises. So she was careful not to attempt her trick while any were watching

But for the suspicion, and silent means taken by the gentleman who discovered her, the famly would have left the house, and perhaps to this day it would have been shunned as baunted. These are facts of which I was a witness -having been on guard several nights, and remember the occurrence as distinctly as if but

last week; and I believe that some such agency

is producing the Albemarle Ghost Story. W

HENRY WARD BEECHER AND GENERAL LEE. -The speech of Henry Ward Beecher, at Cooper Institute on Monday night, in behalf of Washington College, Virginia, was a pro duction remarkable as much for its kindly spirit as for its novelty, at a time when the party of which the speaker is supposed to be a shining light, is dealing in stupidity, malice and all uncharitableness at Washington. The the Orangemen, who was sentenced to five first resolution introduced by Mr. Beecher, for and the privilege of those who maintained the unity of this nation by war to be foremost in time of peace in all works of love which tend to make the American people one in sentiment as well as in government." How does that our Plaster from the best Windsor Blue Lump. No refuse plaster ground at our mill. harmonize with the action of the Reconstruction Committee and Congress, whose "works of love" are so beautifully demonstrated in the

Southern States through millitary rule and

negro supremacy! But General Robert E. Lee is President of Washington College; and how does Beecher ronghold of Magdala with 40,000 men. speak of him? He says:—"I plead this cause South American because General Lee is President of it. No promptly attended to. knowing how human nature runs I cannot say Committee of the Whole and accompany the Managers to the Senate, to participate in the organization of the Court. It was suggested attempts to cut off the communications of Gen.

Large York, Early Tomatoe, Early York Cabbage, South but what if I had been born and bred in the attempts to cut off the communications of Gen.

Large York, Early Wakefield, Early French attempts to cut off the communications of Gen. thing. But for Divine Providence he would have stood in New York and been at the City Hall dictating terms to the people of the North. He failed. But General Lee stands in New Ashboath, Resident of the United States at York to-night, not with his sword dictating terms, but as a scholar holding out the hand JAPAN.—The civil war in Japan raged with of peace and saying to us, 'Give me bread for my scholars; give me books for my scholars!' And Beecher pleads earnestly that Lee should have bread and books, not as a matter of charity, but in the form of justice, mingled a little, perhaps, with selfishness, or, as he calls it, self-preservation; for he argues that by fostering education in the Southern States we confer a benefit upon the North. However, it is an admission worth obtaining just at this moment -when persecution, not unmixed with folly, is so rampant-that the South is not an out-

The New British Ministry.

In the British House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Disraeli appeared for the first time since the resignation of Lord Derby. He was received with loud cheers from the Government and opposition benches. Mr. Disraeli, after giving notices of certain measures relating to Scotland and Ireland, referred to the retirement of Lord Derby, saying his colleagues were loth to sever connection with such a leader. No language could express his estimate of the character and career of such a leader, and they all most earnestly hoped for his restoration to health and power. He then proceeded as

Her Majesty had been pleased to entrust to him the task of framing the Government. He could not decline the gracious offer, accompanied as it was by the generous support of his colleagues. On domestic affairs the policy of Lord Derby during the last two years of his administration would be followed, in foreign affairs the policy of Lord Stanley would be adhered to. This would be a policy of peace; not one of isolation, but one of generous sympathy and regard for our own interests and those of other nations. Such a policy would never lessen the influence or dignity of England, based, as it was, upon esteem and respect. The domestic policy of the Government would be a liberal one, |cheers, and laughter, | recognizing the national traits as the best for secur ing national institutions. He regreted the necessity of continuing the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in Ireland, but as Lord Derby had said on a public occasion, such action was the only safeguard against unscrupulous foreign confederation. Such suspension of the writ was not incompatible with a gentle exercise of the law. He was of the opinion that the grievances of Ireland should be treated with a tender regard for that country. After a few more explanations, not of general importance, Mr. Disraeli resumed his seat amid ap-SWINDLE EXTRAORDINARY! - Our worthly

fellow citizen, Mr. William W. Major, has been victimized recently. It seems one Thompson, representing himself to be from Georgia, has been negotiating for the purchase of Mr. Dolph White's farm, near Lexington, and also one half of the Lexington Hotel. He had a heavy tin box with him, which he represented to contain about \$20,000 in gold. We hear that the contract had already been made for the purchase of Mr. W's land, and Thomp son, saying he did not wish to break upon his bulk of gold, and that he had ordered remittances of greenbacks to Lynchburg, set out thither on horse back, in company with Mr. Major. He also told Mr. M. that he did not have enough greenbacks by \$800 to make the first payment on the farm, and again regretted that he must break in on his gold. Mr. M. volunteered to endorse for him-and he and his brother-in-law in Lynchburg, did so to the amount of \$1000. On the way back Thompployed. He came to the house one night, after to Wythe county on last Monday-asked Mr. M. to take the money and make the payment for him, and to exchange horses with him, as Mr. M. was riding a fine one and he must us dispatch. This Mr. M. promised to do, gave him his horse, and bade him farewell. On looking for his money the next morning, he found only a bundle of old paper. He still thought there was some mistake, however, and I TOK BALTIMORE on reaching Lexington, refused to break open the money chest. Some of his family did: in his absence, and found it to contain a soil shirt and some pebbles-and that was all Thompson swindles Col. O'Ferrall out of twoand-a half months board, Mr. Major out of a horse and \$1000, E. A. D. White & Co., out of some boots, and Mr. G. A. White out of a sale of his farm. Mr. Joshua Major has gone in pursuit of him.—Lexington (Va.,) Gazette.

> Additional Democratic gains at the recent town elections in different sections of the State of New York are reported by telegraph.

Counterfeit Convention warrants have been out into circulation in Mississippi, and the fact ias caused some excitement there.

COMMUNICATED.

In a county in Virginia, not far from Alexandria, there is a very crotchety family. Re cently, two of them, brother and sister, the latter in high bloomer costume, were walking along the street of a small country town, when the costume elicited rude remarks from some idlers, which were overheard by the brother, who appealed to the freedmen's bureau officer, stationed in the town, to "redress the wrongs of his sister." The officer was at first sorely bothered, but having deliberated awhile, wrote to the valiant brother that he thought the bes thing that could be done in the premises would

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CROUND PLASTER.

We offer GROUND PLASTER, delivered on the cars or wharves, at nine dollars per ton of 2240 pounds, in the purchaser's bags; elever lollars per ton in bbls, or ten dollars per ton i we furnish bags, with the understanding tha the bags are to be returned in ten days. If not so returned, five cents per bag will be charged for every ten days, or parts thereoff. We grine

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feb 11

FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR, for Coughs, Colds, Colds, Croup. Hours Colds, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, &c., Ay er's Cherry Pectoral, Wistar's Balsam, Wild Cherry, Anodyne Pectoral, Costar's Cough Remedy, Coe's Balsam, Jayne's Expectorant, and other remedies, for sale by dec 7 E. S. LEADBEATER & CO. DLASTER.

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800 tons Soft Blue Windsor Plaster, on hand and to arrive, for sale at lowest market rates, by HOOE & WEDDERBURN. WANTED .- A FEW BOARDERS, IN A private family, where there are no board.

ers. Terms moderate. References required .-Apply at this office. PLASTER-250 tons SOFT PLASTER, in lots to suit purchasers, for sale by B. H. LAMBERT.

RATEROAD LINES.

WASHINGTON, ALEXA. & GEORGETOWN B. R ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JAN. 21st, 1868, and until further notice, Local Passenger Trains will run between WASHING. TON and ALEXANDRIA as follows: LEAVE ALEXANDRIA, from the corner of St. Asaph and King sts., at 6:00, 8:00 and 10:00 a. m., and 1:00, 3:00 and 5:10 p. m., and from

corner of Duke and Henry streets, at 7:35 p. m. LEAVE WASHINGTON, from Maryland Avenue Depot, at 7:00, 9:00 and 11:00 s. m., and 2:00, 4:20, 6:00 and 8:45 p. m.

THROUGH MAIL TRAINS LEAVE WASHINGTON, from Maryland Avenue Depot, at 6:05 a.m.
O. A. STEVENS, Gen. Supt. W. J. PHELPS, Gen. Manager. [ja 204]

ORANGE, ALEXANDRIA AND MANASSAS RR ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1868, one daily passenger train will run between WASHINGTON and LYNCHBURG connecting at GORDONSVILLE with the Vigginia Central Railroad to RICHMOND and COVINGTON; at LYNCHBURG for WEST

Through tickets and baggage checked to a Leave Washington daily at 5:50 a. m., and Alexandria at 7:00 a.m., arriving at Lynchburg

for the NORTH and NORTH WEST.

and SOUTHWEST, and at WASHINGTON

Leave Lynchburg at 10.25 a. m., arrive at Alexandria at 7:30 p. m., and at Washington Passengers for points between MANASSAS JUNCTION and FRONT ROYAL leave Alex-

andria daily (Sunday excepted) at 7.00 a.m., ar riving at Front Royal, the present western terminus, at 2.00 p. in. Eastward, leave Front Royal at 7.15 a.m., and arrive at Alexandria 4.30 p. m. J. M. BROADUS. General Ticket Agent jan i8-tf

ALEXA., LOUDOUN AND BAMPSHIRE R. R. **他阿克斯曼瓦瓦 1997年**

NEW ARRANGEMENT, BEGINNING MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1867 Leave Alexandria daily, except Sundays, at 8

a. m., for Leesburg, returning leave Lees burg at 12.15 p. m. Connecting at Leesburg with Peacock's Lines First-class Coaches, which leave Leesburg on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Hamilton, Furcellville, Sniekersville, Berryville, Winchester and Capon Springs; returning leaving Winchester on Mondays, Welnes-

days and Fridays. Leaves Leesburg for Middleburg on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, on the arrival of the railroad train from Alexandria, and sr-

rives at Middleburg at 3 p. m. Leaves Middleburg Tuesda s, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7 a. m., and arrives at Leesburg at 12 m., and (per railroad) arrives at Alexandria at 3 p. m., in ample time for Washington and Baltimore the same day. From and after June 3, the coaches will ru daily from Winchester to Capon Springs. FARE:

FROM ALEXANDRIA TO Purcellville...... 3 00 | Aldie 2.7 Berryville...... 4.50 | Middleburg...... 3.2 Winehester...... 5.00 Goods per New York, Philadelphia and Ba timore steam lines, and Adams' Express, to care of R. H. Havenner, Freight Agent, at Alex

Commutation Passenger Tickets between Al exandria and Leesburg and intermediate Sta tions at cheap rates.
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The STEAMER COLUMBIA Capt. James Harren, having reseived a new boiler, and been thoroughly relit ted, has resumed her regular trips, leaving Bal-timore every SATURDAY, at 40 clock, p. tu. for Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown

stopping at all her former landings.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock. ### All way freight must be prepaid.

For freight and passage apply to
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The CO-OPERATIVE UNION of UNION No. 1, of VIRGINIA, at Alexandria, are prepared to make contracts for, and execute all kinds of Brickwork, in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates. Apply to E. STANTON, President.

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ALEXANDRIA, Va., February 17, 1863.
The Virginia Express Company is now running daily to Washington, Georgetown, Baltimore, Lynchburg, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Charlottesville, Staunton, Harrison burg, Lexington, Covington, Warm, Hot and White Sulphur Springs, Lewisburg and to all points in the Valley of Virginia. Money and valuables forwarded with dispatch.

Goods called for and delivered in all parts of the city. For further information apply to feb 17-1m T. A. BREWIS & CO. GARDEN SEEDS!

GARDEN SEEDS! We have received to-day per steamer from New York, our Spring supply of fresh and gen-uine GARDEN SEEDS. Having purchased from the most reliable. A merican, growers, we can confidently recommend them to our cus-tomers. Our stock will be found large and complete, comprising every favorably known variety. Garden, Herb and Flower Seeds in every variety, in papers, at five cents each, nailed to any address free of charge, upon re-

ccipt of price, when ordered in quantities of not

NTERESTING. We respectfully give notice to our friends and the public generally that between now and the 15th March we will sell many kinds of

goods at greatly reduced prices.
In COTTONS and CALICOES we have good pargains to offer. We invite an examination feb 8 WITMER & SLAYMAKER.

MARYLAND SHELL MARL.—Having been appointed agents for the sale of this fertilizer we are prepared to furnish any amount o those who may desire to prove its virtue, st ery low rates.

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